WEEK	TOPIC	TERM 1	Assessment
		<b>Objectives/activities</b>	
1	Oxidation /Reduction	<ul> <li>Explain what is meant by (a) oxidation         <ul> <li>(b) reduction in terms of Oxidation</li> <li>number, gain or loss of electrons, and gain or loss of oxygen</li> <li>Examples of REDOX reactions</li> <li>Rules for determining REDOX reactions</li> <li>Define the terms oxidising and reducing agents in terms of                 <ol> <li>Electrons</li> <li>Oxidation number</li> <li>Recognize oxidising and reducing agents</li> <li>Give examples of compounds which can act as both oxidising and reducing agents</li> <li>Describe tests to identify oxidising and reducing agents</li> </ol> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Class work Hand out: Writing redox reactions and identifying what is oxidised and reduced
2	Oxidation /Reduction	<ul> <li>Describe the action of common oxidizing and reducing agents</li> <li>Describe REDOX in our everyday activities.         <ol> <li>Action of bleaches</li> <li>Rusting</li> <li>Browning of cut fruit and vegetables</li> <li>Food preservation</li> <li>Breathalyser test</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<b>SBA</b> : to investigate the reactions of oxidising and reducing agents
3	Oxidation /Reduction	<ul> <li>Examples of REDOX reactions</li> <li>Rules for determining REDOX reactions</li> <li>Define the terms oxidising and reducing agents in terms of         <ol> <li>Electrons</li> <li>Oxidation number</li> <li>Recognize oxidising and reducing agents</li> <li>Give examples of compounds which can act as both oxidising and reducing agents</li> <li>Describe tests to identify oxidising and reducing agents.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	Test: Oxidation and Reduction

WEEK	TOPIC	TERM 1	Assessment
		Objectives/activities	
4	Term 1 Electrolysis	<ul> <li>What is electrolysis?</li> <li>Classification of the elements and compounds as conductors and non- conductors or insulators</li> <li>strong VS weak electrolytes</li> <li>Metallic vs electrolytic conduction</li> <li>Writing Half reactions</li> <li>Factors affecting discharge of ions</li> <li>Type of electrode: inert or active Concentration of the electrolyte Position in the electrochemical series</li> <li>Determining the ions in solution</li> <li>Writing half reactions at the cathode and anode</li> <li>Drawing electrolysis apparatus</li> <li>Factors affecting discharge of ions</li> <li>Extraction of metals from their ores</li> <li>Purification of metals (Electrorefining)</li> <li>Electroplating</li> <li>Anodising</li> <li>Flowing mercury cathode</li> <li>Down's process</li> <li>Accumulator an dry cell</li> </ul>	Class work: Writing half reactions Assessment Quiz Describe how electrolysis can be used to 1. extract metals from their ores 2. purify metals 3. electroplate 4 anodize
6	Electrolysis	<ul> <li>Review applications of Electrolysis</li> <li>Explain why electrolysis is used to extract metals high in the</li> </ul>	SBA 1 Electrolyte / non-
		<ul> <li>electrochemical series from their ores</li> <li>Describe how you would purify a sample of copper. Include the equations for the reactions occurring at the anode and cathode</li> <li>Give the equations for the reactions that occur at the anode and cathode during: <ul> <li>a. chrome plating and nickel plating</li> <li>What is anodising?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	SBA 2 Electrolysis of CuSO4 & NaCl Test applications of electrolysis Draft Investigative projects due

WEEK	TOPIC	<b>Objectives/activities</b>	Assessment
7	Rates of Reactions	<ul> <li>Define 'rate of reaction: The change in concentration of reactant or product with time at a stated temperature</li> <li>Identify the factors which affect the rate of a reaction</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Surface area</li> <li>Presence or absence of a catalyst</li> <li>Pressure in gases</li> <li>Light (halogens)</li> </ul>	<b>SBA</b> : reaction of sodium thiosulphate with hydrochloric acid showing the <b>effect of</b> <b>concentration</b> on the rate of reaction
8	Rates of reactions	<ul> <li>Experiment to observe the effect of temperature on reaction</li> <li>Draw the apparatus for the reaction</li> <li>Explain what happens when the temperature is changed</li> <li>Write the equation for the reaction</li> <li>Plot a graph of temperature against 1/t seconds</li> </ul>	<b>SBA:</b> Reaction of sodium thiosulphate with HCl showing the effect of temperature on the rate of reaction.
9	Rates of reactions	<ul> <li>Review rates of reactions <ul> <li>Tell how the rate can be altered by changing: temperature; surface area; pressure; light and catalyst</li> <li>Draw a graph to determine the rate of a chemical reaction</li> </ul> </li> <li>What is the test for the gas evolved? <ul> <li>List the substance that worked best to increase the rate of the reaction</li> <li>Explain how a catalyst works</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Page 199 – 200 exp 11D SBA Test: Rates of reactions Experiment: To demonstrate the effect of catalyst on the reaction rate Determine which substance increased the reaction rate
10	Enthalpy	<ul> <li>Explain what is meant by the energy change for a reaction</li> <li>Define: endothermic, exothermic. activation energy,</li> <li>Draw energy profile diagrams</li> <li>Energy involved in bond breaking and bond formation</li> </ul>	Written assignment :questions on enthalpy Assignment read chapter 8 Energy in Chemistry

WEEK	TOPIC	<b>Objectives/activities</b>	Assessment
11	Enthalpy	<ul> <li>Carry out simple calculations involving energy changes</li> <li>Heat of solution</li> <li>Heat of combustion</li> <li>Heat of neutralization</li> <li>Carry out experiments to determine: enthalpy of solution</li> <li>Enthalpy of combustion</li> <li>Enthalpy of neutralization Revise enthalpy</li> </ul>	Assignment: enthalpy calculations SBA: Heat of solution SBA: Heat of Combustion
12	Enthalpy	<ul> <li>Heat of combustion</li> <li>heat of solution and</li> <li>heat of neutralization</li> </ul>	Enthalpy test
13		End of term exam	Exam

WEEK	TOPIC	TERM 2	Assessment
		<b>Objectives/activities</b>	
1	Characteristics of Metals and non- metals	<ul> <li>Identify where the metals and nonmetals are positioned in the periodic table</li> <li>Describe and compare the physical properties of the metals and non-metals</li> <li>Describe the chemical properties of the following metals: Na, K, Ca, Mg, Al, Zn, Fe, Pb, Cu</li> </ul>	SBA comparing the reactivity of metals with sulphuric acid & displacement reactions
2	Characteristics of Metals and non- metals	<ul> <li>Discuss the reactivity of metals and their compounds</li> <li>Use experimental data to arrange metals in order of reactivity</li> <li>Describe the chemical properties of nonmetals</li> </ul>	SBA hydroxides and sulphates of elements in group II <u>Quiz</u> on metals
3	Characteristics of Metals and non-metals	<ul> <li>Compare the reactivity of metals with oxygen, water and dilute acids</li> <li>Heating of metal compounds and their decomposition.</li> </ul>	Quiz on non- metals SBA Planning and Design
4	Characteristics of Metals and non-metals	<ul> <li>Describe:</li> <li>the process of extracting iron from its ore (blast furnace</li> <li>Extraction of active metals such as sodium, and aluminium</li> <li>Production of steel</li> </ul>	Test Metals and non-metals
5	Uses of metals	<ul> <li>Explain why metal alloys are often used in place of metals</li> <li>N.B. aluminium alloys steel and solder</li> <li>Relate the properties of the metals ( aluminium lead and iron to their alloys)</li> </ul>	SBA: Qualitative Analysis Identifying cations $Al^{3+}$ ; $Ca^{2+}$ ; $Pb^{2+}$ ; $Cu^{2+}$ ; $Zn^{2+}$ $Fe^{2+}$ ; $Fe^{3+}$ ; $NH_4^+$ ; and
6	Impact of metals on living systems	<ul> <li>Investigate the conditions necessary for the corrosion of metals</li> <li>Explain the importance of metals and their compounds on living systems and environment</li> </ul>	<b>SBA: Qualitative</b> analysis Anions CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2</sup> -; SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2</sup> -; NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> ; Br <sup>-;</sup> I- Cl-

WEEK	TOPIC	<b>Objectives/activities</b>	<b>Assessment</b>
7	Non-metals	<ul> <li>Describe the physical and chemical properties of non-metals</li> <li>H2, Cl2, O2, N2, C and S</li> <li>Reactions with oxygen &amp; metals</li> <li>Oxidising and reducing properties</li> <li>Physical properties m.p. b.p. conductivity luster hardness density</li> <li>List the uses of non-metal : carbon, sulhur, phosphorous, chlorine, nitrogen, silicon, and their compounds (including insecticides, strengthening of plastics with fibres</li> <li>Jewelry, tire manufacture, matches phosphate and other fertilizers, (NPK), bleaches, glass, ceramics</li> <li>discuss the harmful effects of nonmetals on living systems and the environment:</li> </ul>	Test Chapter 22
8	Green Chemistry	<ul> <li>Define green chemistry         Discuss 12 principles of green             Chemistry         </li> <li>Prevent waste</li> <li>Atom economy</li> <li>Generate or use less hazardous         substances     <li>Create products with little or no toxicity</li> <li>Avoid the use of solvents (e.g.         separating agents</li> <li>Conservation of energy</li> <li>Use renewable raw materials</li> </li></ul>	Test: Properties and uses of non- metals Non- metals Reading assignment Chapter 23
9	<b>GREEN</b> CHEMISTRY NON-METAL POLLUTANTS	<ul> <li>pollutants such as: SO2; CO H2S, oxide of nitrogen, co2, cfc's, nitrates, phosphates herbicides and pesticides</li> <li>disposal of solid waste such as plastic</li> <li>avoid reaction processes with too many intermediate stages</li> <li>Use catalysts</li> </ul>	Quiz harmful effects of air pollutants

10	Green	• Design for degradation	Test Chapter 23
	chemistry	• Monitor processes to prevent pollution	
11	Croop	<ul> <li>Minimize the potential for accidents at the reaction or work site</li> <li>Benefits and examples of green chemistry</li> </ul>	Pro CSEC
11	Chemistry	orgen chemistry	EXAM
	Chemistry	<ul> <li>Revision gases</li> </ul>	
		• Metals	
		• Electrochemistry	
		• Enthalpy	
		• Periodicity	
		• Identifying unknowns	
		• Atomic structure and bonding	
		<ul> <li>Mixtures and separations</li> </ul>	
		o winktures and separations	
12	•	Mock exam	PRE CSEC
		Acids bases and Salts	EXAM
		Organic chemistry	
		Rates of chemical reactions	
		Types of chemical reactions	
		Green Chemistry Oxidation and reduction	
		Flectrolysis	
		Metals and no-metals	
		Mole concept	